Si. No.	Name of the Bank	1993-94	1994-95	1995-%
5.	State Bank of Mysore	50.63	50.61	5.72
6.	State Bank of Patiala	12.18	19.74	4.93
7.	State Bank of Saurashtra	1.22	18.9 J	4.02
8.	State Bank of Travancore	15.64	4.17	28.96
B.	*Nationalised Banks*			
9.	Allahabad Bank	35.84	55.73	6.71
10	Andhra Bank	12.06	38.78	1.95
11	Bank of Baroda	340.96	270.27	46.42
12	Bank of India	328.57	260.38	307.08
13	Bank of Maharashtra	2.00	81.12	56.52
14	Canara Bank	152.31	200.00	169.49
15	Central Bank of India	105.57	144.12	138.44
16	Corporation Bank	59.53	18.64	19.13
17	Dena Bank	37,44	27.34	51.92
18	Indian Bank	6.75	42.51	115.94
19	Indian Overseas Bank	4.36	5.94	75.01
20	Oriental Bank of Commerce	1.77	2.13	0.82
21	Punjab National Bank	354.82	220.77	53.14
22	Punjab & Sind Bank	1.05	1.70	2.86
23	Syndicate Bank	13.23	24.84	8.0.3
24	Union Bank of India	32.37	27.86	38.81
25	UCO Bank	2.22	165.07	110.98
26	United Bank of India	13.63	119.00	36,51
27	Vijaya Bank	4.52	4.19	13.26

Warning of outbreak of Falciparum Malaria in the Capital after Dengue fever

1221. SHRI KRISHNA KUMAR BIRLA: Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE *he* pleased to state:

(a) whether Government's attention has been drawn to the news-item captioned "Falciparum Malaria warning in Capital" as reported in the Hindustan Times, dated 23rd October, 1996,

(b) if so, whether doctors have warned about the possibility of deadly falciparum malaria apidemic in the capital after the dengue fever; and

(c) if so, what preventive steps Government propose to take to check the spread of Falciparum Malaria in the capital?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF ^M.TH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRI SALEEM IQBAL SHERVANI): (a) Yes. Sir.

(b) and (c) The Malaria situation including P. Falciparum is being monitored by the NMEP Organisations both at the Central and State levels.

Steps taken to prevent the spread of P. Falciparum in the Capital include:—

—early detection and prompt treatment of fever cases with appropriate anti-malaria drugs;

—intensification of vector control measures through selective insecticidal spray and anti-larval operations;

—intensification of Information, Education and Communication activities to create public awareness and participation in anti-malaria programmes;

—community involvement in malaria control activities.